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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/118,572	07/17/1998	KARL J. WOOD	PHB34169US	9151	
75	90 11/27/2001				
CORPORATE PATENT COUNSEL US PHILIPS CORPORATION 580 WHITE PLAINS ROAD TARRYTOWN, NY 10591			EXAMINER		
			YANG, RYAN R		
			_ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2672		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	,							
Office Action Summary		Application No.		Applicant(s)				
		09/118,572		WOOD ET AL.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Ryan R Yang		2672				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status								
1)🖾	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04	4 October 2001 .						
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b)	This action is nor	-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application.								
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.								
	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Applicati	on Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.								
11)	•			oved by the Examiner.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 								
Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage								
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).								
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.								
Attachment(s)								
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s	4) 5) .) 6)	Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				



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DETAILED ACTION

- This action is responsive to communications filed on 10/4/01.
 This action is final.
- Claims 1-11 are pending in this application. Claim 1 is independent claim.
 This application claims foreign priority dated 7/17/97.
- 3. The present title of the invention is "Graphic Image Texture Generation" as filed originally.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 5. Claims 1-4, 7, 9 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Kamen</u> et al. (5,812,141).

As per claim 1, <u>Kamen</u> et al., hereinafter <u>Kamen</u>, disclose an apparatus for texture mapping in a computer graphics system (as illustrated in Figure 4), using a predetermined set of standardized textures (Figure 4; 30), the apparatus having an input (Figure 4; 92) to receive via a network identifying data identifying one of the set of standardized textures (the control signal 92, column 6, line 24), and means for processing the data to generate output texels of the identified textures (Figure 4; 4), wherein each texture of the standardized set is a procedural texture, the identifying data



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comprises one or a sequence of program commands, the execution of which will result in the generation of a respective procedural texture, with the means for processing data comprising a processor operable to implement all such input program commands or sequences of input program commands as required to generate the procedural texture of the standardized set (column 6, line 26 - 36).

It is recognized that, in Figure 4, <u>Kamen</u> uses texture lookup table for texture determination, however, he also discloses in column 2, line 31 – 39 that the texture can also be derived by the means of procedural texturing.

It is also noted that <u>Kamen</u> does not explicitly disclose the identifying data is received via a network, however, since the input (92) is connected to a bus (42) it is obvious the data is coming from the peripherals, including a network.

- 6. As per claim 2, the input control signals are plural (column 10, line 14 18).
- 7. As per claim 3, <u>Kamen</u> discloses his control signals include quality of texture (column 11, line 47 54).
- 8. As per claim 4, <u>Kamen</u> discloses, in his texture mapping controller, a computation method selection device (column 10, line 31 49) to generate pixel value. It is obvious that his method can also be used to generating procedural textures of the standardized set.
- 9. As per claim 7, it is notoriously known in the art (Officially noted) that a processor of many elements can be fabricated onto a single substrate for the purposes of increased processing speed and reducing power and cost.

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- 10. As per claim 9, the input to <u>Kamen</u>'s apparatus (Figure 4; 42) are lines and polygons (column 6, line 25 26). Since <u>Kamen</u> talks about texture in terms of "viewpoint", "perspectives" and "coordinate space" (column 1, lines 45 and 60), it is obvious that <u>Kamen</u> is talking about 3-dimensional polygons. <u>Kamen</u> also discloses means to convert 3-D data into 2-D (Figure 4; 2, 3), program command (Figure 4; select signal), and rendering means (Figure 4; 34, 28 and 6) to generate an output image with texture applied.
- 11. As per claim 10, it is well known in the art (Officially noted) that the polygon data and program commands can be stored in remote location and its location stored in a local memory to be retrieved at a later time.
- 12. Claims 5-6 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Kamen</u> et al. as applied to claims 1 above, and further in view of <u>Griffin</u> et al. (5,880,737).

As per claim 5, <u>Kamen</u> discloses a texture mapping apparatus with procedural texture and control signals. It is noted that <u>Kamen</u> does not disclose using a cache to store texture maps, however, this is known in the art as taught by <u>Griffin</u> et al., hereinafter <u>Griffin</u>. <u>Griffin</u> discloses that in order to reduce latency in memory accessing, textual samples can be stored in the texture cache (column 18, line 35 – 39).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include a texture cache as in <u>Griffin</u> into the invention of <u>Kamen</u> to reduce memory access latency.

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- 13. As per claim 6, <u>Kamen</u> discloses his texture mapping apparatus has control for texture quality (column 11, line 47 54). It is notoriously known in the art (Officially noted) to place an interpolator after the texture map for refining the texture quality.
- 14. As per claim 8, it is notoriously known in the art (Officially noted) that a processor of many elements can be fabricated onto a single substrate for the purposes of increased processing speed and reducing power and cost.
- 15. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Kamen</u> et al. as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of <u>Tremblay</u> et al. (5,925,123).

As per claim 11, <u>Kamen</u> discloses an apparatus with texture rendering means and control signals. It is noted that <u>Kamen</u> does not explicitly teaches the program commands are transmitted over the network in virtual machine code and a processor to convert the program commands to local machine codes, however, this is known in the art as taught by <u>Tremblay</u> et al., hereinafter <u>Tremblay</u>. <u>Tremblay</u> discloses a processor (Figure 6B; 635) to decode instruction transmitted over the network and convert it to local machine code.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include a processor locally as taught in <u>Tremblay</u> into the invention of <u>Kamen</u> in order to translate the instructions into local machine code in a network environment.

Response to Arguments

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16. Applicant's arguments filed 10/4/01 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Kamen et al. disclose all the controlling signals (the identifying data) are from the bus 42. Even though Kamen et al. do not explicitly disclose the controlling signals for determining procedural texture, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to include such signals in generating texture, otherwise all the texture in a picture would have been looked the same.

Conclusion

17. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.



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Inquiries

18. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **Ryan Yang** whose telephone number is **(703) 308-6133**.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, **Michael Razavi**, can be reached at **(703) 305-4713**.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 872-9314 (for Technology Center 2600 only)

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

Ryan Yang November 16, 2001